Martínez-Villarreal J, Kalisz M, Piedrafita G, Graña-Castro O, Chondronasiou D, Serrano M, Real FX. Pseudoalignment tools as an efficient alternative to detect repeated transposable elements in scRNAseq data.

## Supplementary Materials

|  | Kallisto report parameter | Without TE sequences | With TE sequences |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marrow_7_2 | 31 | 31 |  |
|  | k-mer length | 118489 | 118952 |
|  | number of targets | number of k-mers | 100614952 |
|  | number of equivalence classes | 433624 | 438810 |
|  | processed reads | 263061938 | 263061938 |
|  | pseudoaligned reads | 206938412 | 207299844 |
|  | k-mer length | 31 | 31 |
|  | number of equivalence classes | 118489 | 118952 |
|  | number of targets | 100614952 | 101297656 |
|  | processed reads | 433624 | 438810 |
|  | pseudoaligned reads | 286345317 | 226367046937 |

Supplementary Table 1. Kallisto report parameters for the two TM 10X marrow samples in the analyses with and without including the 463 consensus TE sequences.


Supplementary Figure 1: Number of genes and counts detected with and without TE sequences. A. Correlation between the number of genes detected in the marrow analysis with and without the inclusion of the 463 consensus TE sequences. B. Correlation between the number of RNA molecules or counts with and without the inclusion of the 463 consensus TE sequences. C. Correlation between genes (nFeature) and counts in the merged analysis of TM 10X marrow data with and without including the 463 consensus TE sequences. An almost complete overlap of cells is observed with a slight increase of gene detection in TE (blue dots) versus non TE (red dots).


Supplementary Figure 2: TE family expression per embryonic stage. A. Dot plot representing TE shown in Shao and Wang Figure 3F. B. TE family (annotated in Repbase) counts distribution per embryonic stage.

